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DAN SMOOT

MORE ON THE NIXON TEAM

As a candidate, Richard Nixon promised to clean house in the State Department. As President, Nixon has appointed, to the most sensitive posts, men identified with the policies and conditions that candidate Nixon had condemned.[1] *Charles Yost* is one of this group. Nixon campaigned as a tough law-and-order man, but appointed to high office *James Farmer*, a Negro militant who has been among the foremost in fostering lawless violence. As a candidate, Nixon denounced the practice of busing school children to force racial integration; but he appointed as Commissioner of Education, *James V. Allen*, the nation's leading advocate of the busing insanity. Having promised to protect American interests abroad, Nixon sent, to protect American interests in Peru, *John N. Irwin, 2nd*, a specialist in surrendering American interests. Having promised sleepless vigilance over the security of the nation, Nixon appointed, as "security consultant," *Nicholas Katzenbach* who had just given security clearance to one of the most notorious security risks ever to hold a federal job.

CHARLES W. YOST: President Nixon appointed Charles Yost (a member of the Council on Foreign Relations) Ambassador to the UN.

Charles Woodruff Yost (born at Watertown, New York, in 1907) has an AB from Princeton. He attended the international school of the University of Paris for one year, and took a communist indoctrination course at the Anglo-American Institute, First Moscow University, in 1934. This was on the occasion of his third trip to the Soviet Union.[2]

Yost's first trip to the Soviet Union (in 1929) was before the U.S. government had given the Soviets diplomatic recognition. Harold Ware and Lement Upham Harris (important American communists) were in the Soviet Union in 1929, the year when the Soviets were training American agents to form communist espionage cells in agencies of the U.S. government.[2]

In 1935, Yost entered the new deal administration of Franklin D. Roosevelt as an assistant in the Re-

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settlement Administration, where a communist cell was operating. Lee Pressman, a communist, was general counsel of the Administration.[2]

In 1941, Yost represented the State Department on the Policy Committee of the Board of Economic Warfare. The assistant director of this Committee was Frank Virginius Coe, communist spy. Two other communist agents, Nathan Gregory Silvermaster and Michael Greenberg, were connected with the Board of Economic Warfare.[2]

Yost became a close friend of Alger Hiss, State Department official, later convicted of perjury for denying he was a Soviet spy.[2]

In the spring of 1945, Yost (as assistant to the Chairman of the U.S. Delegation at the U.N. Conference on International Organization) worked with Alger Hiss, Philip Jessup, and Leo Pasvolsky in helping create the United Nations. Later that year, Yost was Secretary General of the U.S. Delegation to the Potsdam Conference — the same position his friend Alger Hiss had held at the Yalta Conference.[2]

Yost was a member of the Institute of Pacific Relations (IPR), which the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee characterized as a transmission belt for Soviet propaganda in the United States — revealing that many influential IPR officials were traitors, or under the influence of traitors, whose allegiance lay in Moscow.[2, 3]

In June, 1956, Scott McLeod (then administrator of the Bureau of Security and Consular Affairs) listed numerous State Department employees whom the Bureau considered dangerous security risks.[4] Yost was on the list.[2]

Charles Yost has had many important State Department jobs, including several ambassadorships. In 1961, he was assigned to the U.S. delegation at the UN. He served under Adlai Stevenson and Arthur Goldberg, until he retired in 1966. Upon retirement, he was hired by the Council on Foreign Relations.[2]

In September, 1968, Yost (still employed by the CFR) submitted a statement to the Democrat Party Platform Committee, asserting that the "chief threat to international and U.S. security is not . . . communist aggression," but the arms race. Yost said:

—The U.S. should begin, unilaterally, restricting major new programs of arms development and production, while continuing to seek for arms-control agreements with the Soviets.

—The U.S. should unilaterally halt all bombing in Vietnam, without requiring any concessions from the communists.

—The U.S. should welcome communist China into the United Nations.

—The Soviet invasion of Czechoslovakia was "an internally defensive rather than an externally aggressive action."[5]

President Nixon has said the Yost appointment is "one of the best" he has made.[2]

JAMES FARMER: On February 12, 1969, President Nixon appointed James Farmer Assistant Secretary of Health, Education and Welfare for Administration. Robert Finch, Secretary of H.E.W., said Farmer would have "a voice across the department."[6]

Farmer has been a radical socialist throughout his adult life.

He has been on the board of directors of the American Civil Liberties Union, which was founded by communists and pro-communists in the 1920's. He has been an official of Americans for Democratic Action, a powerful fabian-socialist group. He has been a sponsor of Committee for a Sane Nuclear Policy (SANE), whose aim is to disarm the United States of nuclear weapons. He has been an official of the Fellowship of Reconciliation, one of the most radical of pacifist organizations. He has been an official of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP), a racial-agitation group founded in 1909 by liberals and socialists, many of whom became communists after a communist party was organized in the U.S.

James Farmer has been among the foremost in making the communist catch phrase, "police brutality," a byword of rioters. He has also been at one with communists in demanding civilian review boards to oversee, and thus to emasculate, police operations.

For many years, Farmer held high offices in the socialist League for Industrial Democracy (LID). LID is the parent group of many organiza-

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tions (among them, Students for a Democratic Society — SDS) which have spread the poison of socialism, race hatreds, criminal anarchy, and hatred of America.

In 1942, Farmer helped found Congress of Racial Equality (CORE), and became its national director. Under his leadership, CORE operated schools of subversion, becoming one of the most vicious violence-inciting Negro agitation groups.[6, 7]

As CORE director, Farmer organized and participated in the "Freedom Rides" through the South in 1960 — communist-supported operations which began the escalation of "civil disobedience" into guerrilla warfare in our cities. For violations of law as a "Freedom Rider," he spent 40 days in jail in Louisiana.[8]

On May 25, 1961, Senator James O. Eastland, chairman of the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee, reported:

"From investigation and examination of the facts and records, there can be little doubt, in my judgment, but that this group [CORE] is an arm of the communist conspiracy. They are agents of worldwide communism."[8]

In August, 1964, when Negro-agitation leaders were trying to stop all Negro riots and demonstrations until after the presidential election (in order to prevent a white backlash that might help Barry Goldwater and hurt Lyndon Johnson), Farmer, as director of CORE, joined with Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC) in refusing to call a moratorium on demonstrations. An NAACP official said:

"CORE thrives on keeping the pot boiling, whether there's anything cooking in it or not."[9]

Farmer resigned from CORE in 1965. In 1968, he ran unsuccessfully for Congress from New York City, as the candidate of both the Liberal Party and the Republican Party.

Farmer promises to work on the Nixon team for the same ideals and causes he has always supported.[6]

JAMES V. ALLEN, JR.: William Loeb, editor of the *Union Leader* (Manchester, New Hampshire) supported Nixon in 1968. In the February 13, 1969, issue of his newspaper, Mr. Loeb had this to say about Nixon's appointment of Dr. James V. Allen, Jr. (longtime commissioner of New York public schools), as U.S. Commissioner of Education:

"The New York Commissioner of Education has demonstrated, by his conduct of that office, that he is at the very forefront of the compulsory-association, compulsory-integration, and compulsory-mixing group of educators in the United States.

"Commissioner Allen has ruthlessly destroyed the neighborhood school concept in New York State and forced the busing of Negro students into white schools and white students into the Negro areas.

"All the people in the United States who voted for Dick Nixon, thinking there was going to be an end to this type of destruction of the neighborhood school concept, must feel terribly double-crossed by this incredible appointment . . . one of the biggest double-crosses of the century.

"When he was seeking the nomination, Nixon told the Southern delegates he was against racial school busing, and he certainly gave the impression to the voters in the election he was against it.

"Now he puts in as commissioner of education the leading exponent of racial school busing!

"It is pretty hard to excuse that type of behavior, that type of deception, that type of double-crossing by any standards known to decent people. . . .

"President Nixon has now indicated, by his action in appointing Allen as U.S. Commissioner of Education, that he just doesn't give a hoot how he misled these folks who voted for him or what they want to think. This is a completely amoral position. You don't double-cross people in this way if you are a decent human individual."

JOHN N. IRWIN, 2nd: Peru, which claims territorial fishing rights 200 miles from her shores, has seized numerous U. S. fishing craft on the high seas many miles from the nearest point of Peruvian soil. Since 1946, we have given Peru about $450

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million in aid, and still continue to give her aid. One of the principal units in the Peruvian Navy, which makes possible the outrageous depradations on U. S. fishing vessels, was formerly a U.S. destroyer.

In October, 1968, a military coup elevated the pro-communist Velasco to the presidency of Peru. Soon thereafter, Velasco expropriated Standard Oil properties in Peru — without compensation.

President Nixon sent CFR-member John N. Irwin, 2nd, to Peru as special envoy for negotiations to protect American interests. Irwin (while serving as Number Two man on Lyndon Johnson's treaty-negotiating staff with Panama) was the man who made the infamous proposal (endorsed by Johnson) that the U.S. give away the Canal Zone to pacify the communist-controlled mobs in Panama City.(10) In May, 1969, Peru told us to get our military missions out of the country. Our State Department bowed to the demand, with "profound regrets," while vowing eternal friendship for Peru.(12)

NICHOLAS DeB. KATZENBACH: John Paton Davies, an American consul in China in the late 1930's, became a warm friend of Chinese communist leaders. He was a main architect of pro-communist State Department policies which helped communists conquer China in 1949. Davies was fired and rehired a few times during the Truman and Eisenhower administrations. He was last removed from a federal job in 1954. For 15 years thereafter, John Paton Davies was barred from service in the federal government because he was a security risk.(11)

In 1969 — just five days before Lyndon Johnson left office — Johnson's Under Secretary of State, Nicholas DeB. Katzenbach (a member of the Council on Foreign Relations) reinstated John Paton Davies, saying it was "clearly consistent with the interest of national security" for Davies to be appointed a consultant to the State Department and to the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency. President Nixon appointed Katzenbach as State Department "security consultant."(11)

As indicated in this and the two previous issues of this *Report*, *President* Nixon has appointed, to key positions, men who stand for the opposite of what *candidate* Nixon promised the American people.(1)

* * * * *

SEX EDUCATION: A MUST for everyone concerned about the debauching of children under the guise of giving them sex education in schools is *The Child Seducers*, a record narrated by John Carradine. You can order the record from The Dan Smoot Report, Inc. Price: $4.95. Please enclose payment with order.

FOOTNOTES

(1) "Nixon And The CFR," and "Burns, Kissinger, And Beam," *The Dan Smoot Report*, May 19 and 26, 1969, pp. 77-84, available at prices listed below

(2) *The Herald of Freedom*, Jan. 10, 1969

(3) *The Invisible Government*, by Dan Smoot, Pocketbook edition, $1.00; library edition, $4.00

(4) "Communist Spies In The State Department," *The Dan Smoot Report*, Mar. 23, 1964, pp. 94-5

(5) Editorial, (Lynchburg, Virginia) *News Leader*, Jan. 18, 1969

(6) *The Herald of Freedom*, Mar. 7, 1969

(7) Column by George Schuyler, *Alexandria Daily Town*, Sept. 7, 1965

(8) "Activities in the Southern States," speech by U.S. Senator James O. Eastland (Dem., Miss.) containing official documents from the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee and House Committee on Un-American Activities, *Congressional Record*, May 25, 1961, pp. 8349-63 (daily), 8956-70 (bound)

(9) Article by Wesley Pruden, Jr., *The National Observer*, Aug. 24, 1964, pp. 1, 11

(10) *Pan American Headlines*, Apr.-May, 1969

(11) Richmond, Virginia, *News Leader*, Jan. 28, 1969

(12) "Peru's Demands Accepted by U.S.," Associated Press story from Washington, May 25, 1969

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